Session 28

A Very Brief Introduction to React

Reading and Reference

Reading

reactjs.org/docs/add-react-to-a-website.html
reactjs.org/docs/getting-started.html#using-a-cdn

- Reference:
 - API

https://reactjs.org/docs/react-api.html

© Robert Kelly, 2018

2

React

- JavaScript library maintained by Facebook and a community of developers
- Simple components
 - can render static html markup
 - can render components based on locally saved JSON data
 - can be nested into each other to create a more complex app layout
- Complex components
 - can include advanced logic that defines what the returned html will look like
 - l can contain its own state
 - can include custom methods that will be executed when a user causes an event

© Robert Kelly, 2018

3

Recent JavaScript Syntax

- You might see some recent JavaScript syntax in React
- Use of declaration alternates to var
 - const defines a constant (assignments to them are ignored)
 - I let defined only within the closest enclosing block
- Class Keyword defines JavaScript classes
- Arrow functions shorthand syntax for anonymous functions

```
For example, x => x * 2 is roughly equivalent to function (x) { return x * 2; }
```

© Robert Kelly, 2018

4

Multiple Ways to Develop with React

- We will look at
 - Bare html
 - | Using JSX
- Specialized development environments

Examples taken from
reactjs.org/docs/add-react-to-a-website.html

© Robert Kelly, 2018

5

Example ... Simple html page and a JavaScript file Add React in One Minute This page demonstrates using React with no build tooling. React is loaded as a script tag. Like Add React in One Minute This page demonstrates using React with no build tooling. React is loaded as a script tag. You liked this. Clicking the Like button changes the page

... Example - html ...

© Robert Kelly, 2018

... Example - html

```
<h2>Add React in One Minute</h2>
    This page demonstrates using React with no build tooling.
    React is loaded as a script tag.
React component is
<div id="like button container"></div>
                                                      placed here
    <!-- Load React. -->
<script src="https://unpkg.com/react@16/umd/react.development.js"</pre>
crossorigin></script>
    <script src="https://unpkg.com/react-dom@16/umd/react-</pre>
dom.development.js" crossorigin></script>
<script src="like button.js"></script>
                                                  Typically, you will have
  </body>
                                                  many empty DOM
</html>
                                                  containers in your page
         This script tag loads
         your React component
                               © Robert Kelly, 2018
```

Example - React Component ...

Like button.js

```
'use strict';
const e = React.createElement;
class LikeButton extends React.Component {
  constructor(props) {
    super(props);
    this.state = { liked: false };
  }
...
```

© Robert Kelly, 2018

9

... Example - React Component

■ The html refers to the React component in the .js file

```
render() {
    if (this.state.liked) {
        return 'You liked this.';
    }
    return e(
        'button',
        { onClick: () => this.setState({ liked: true }) },
        'Like'
    );
        Penders the Like button inside
    }
}
const domContainer = document.querySelector('#like_button_container');
ReactDOM.render(e(LikeButton), domContainer);
```

JSX

- Let's look at the same example using JSX
- JSX is
 - an extension to TavaScript syntax
 - Similar in appearance to html

Multiple elements on the same level need to be wrapped in a div or an array

JSX

```
function formatName(user) {
Architectural
                       return user.firstName + ' ' + user.lastName;
  model is
                     const user = {
  counter to
                       firstName: 'Harper',
                                                            A JavaScript
  MVC
                       lastName: 'Perez'
                                                            expression can be
Mixes view
                     const element = (
                                                            within the {}
  with logic
                         Hello, {formatName(user)}!
                       </h1>
                     );
After compilation,
                     ReactDOM.render(
                       element,
JSX expressions
                       document.getElementById('root')
become JS
                     );
function calls
                                © Robert Kelly, 2018
```

Conclusion

I This might be enough to get you started in working with React

React will not be covered in depth on the final exam. You might see just one or two T/F questions

© Robert Kelly, 2018

13