

Maximum flow problem

2017년 11월 20일 월요일

오후 3:39

1. Ford - Fulkerson Method

Start with flow $f(u,v)=0$ for all (u,v)

While there \exists an "augmenting path" P do

augment the flow f along the edges of P

endwhile

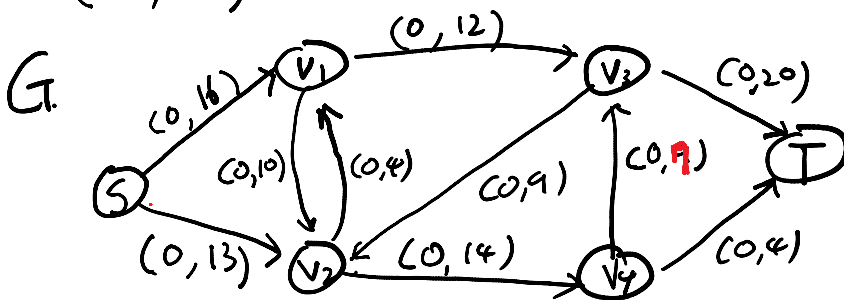
return f

* Residual Network G_f

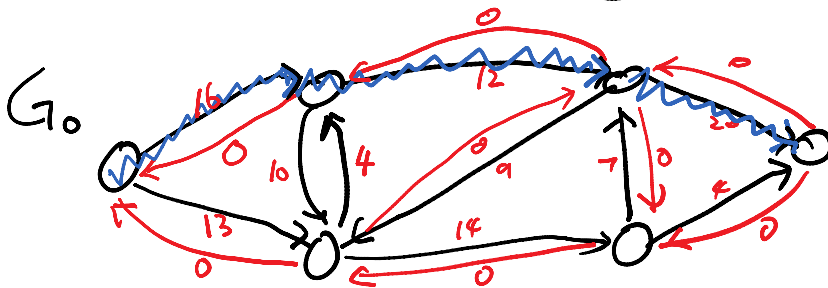
(flow net. G and flow f)

$$* C_f(u,v) = \begin{cases} c(u,v) - \frac{f(u,v)}{\geq 0} & \text{if } (u,v) \in E \\ f(v,u) & \text{if } (v,u) \in E \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

flow capacity
(,)



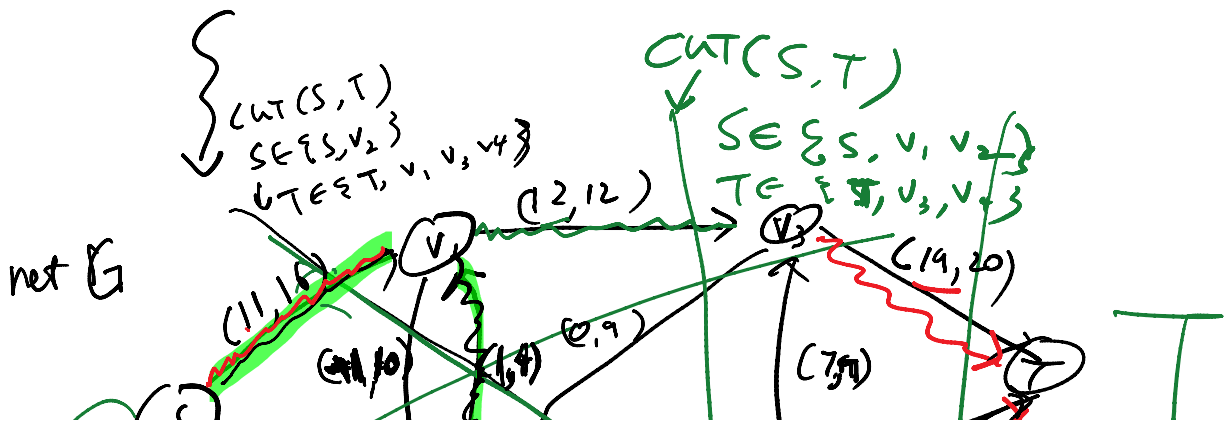
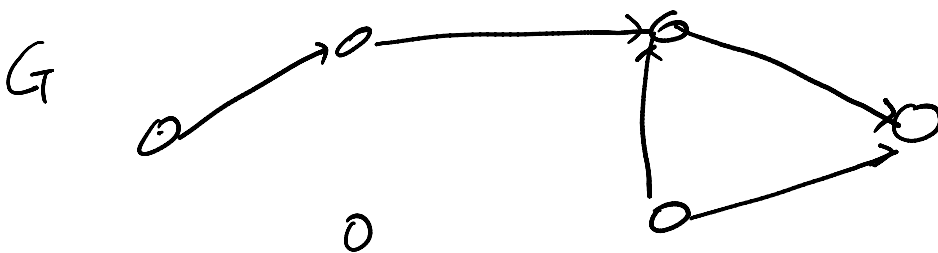
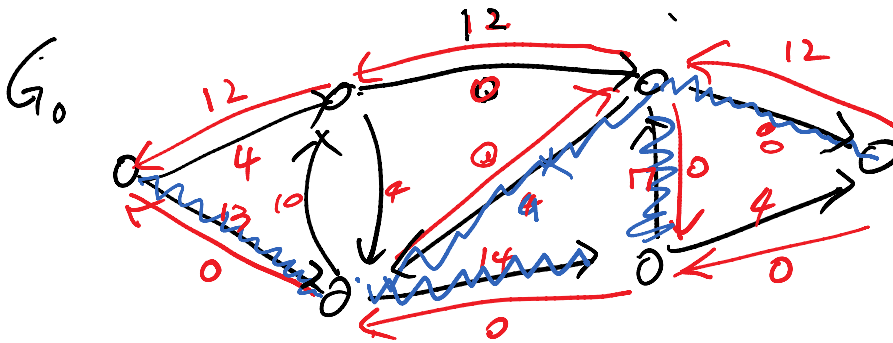
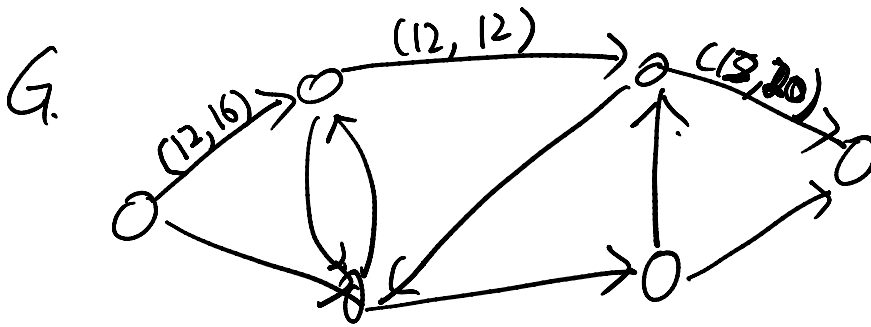
max flow 23

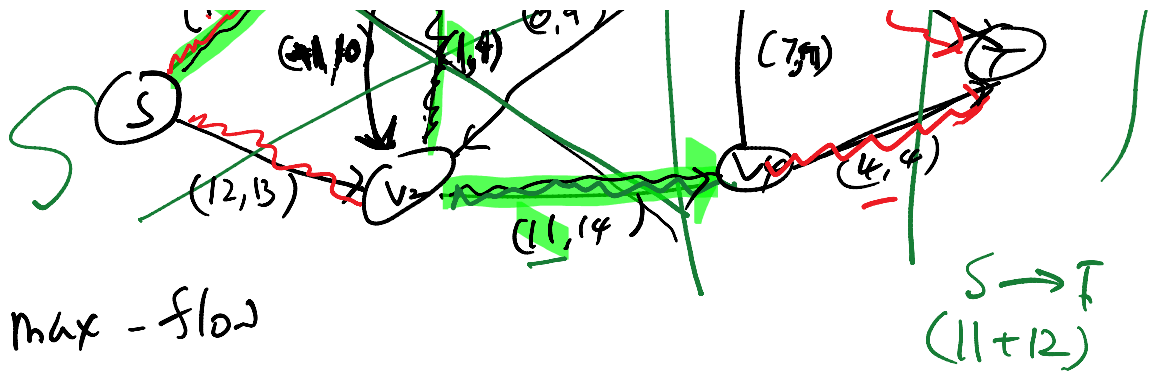


Blue path.
⑫

Augmenting path is path from $S \rightarrow T$ in residual Graph G_f with residual capacity of p

$$C_f(p) = \min \{ C_f(u,v) \mid (u,v) \text{ in the path} \}$$





max-flow

S → T
(11 + 12)

$$\textcircled{1} \quad \sum_{(S, V) \in E} f(S, V) = 11 + 12 = 23$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad \sum_{(V, T) \in E} f(V, T) = 19 + 4$$

* CUT(S, t) of flow net :

partitions vertex set V into
 S or $T = V - S$ st. $s \in S$ and $t \in T$

* flow across a cut (S, T)

$$f(S, T) = \sum_{u \in S} \sum_{v \in T} f(u, v)$$

* Time of Ford-Fulkerson Method

Assume the capacity to be integers
 for FF. Let Graph be represented by

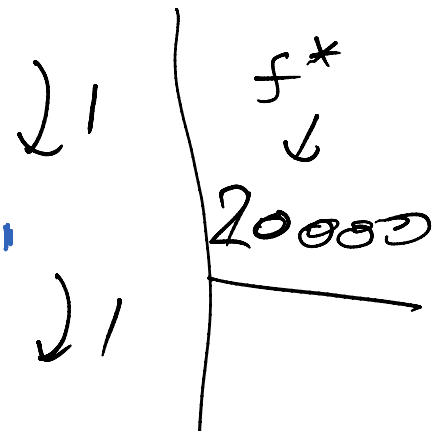
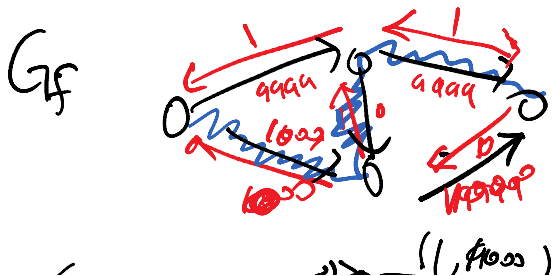
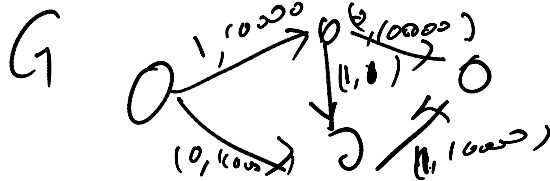
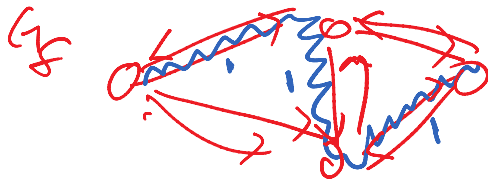
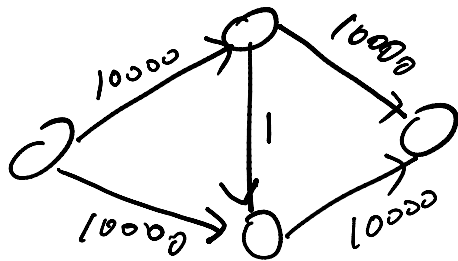
adj list. Given a flow f , can generate G_f and find an augmenting path in $O(m)$
 \uparrow
 $\leftarrow \# \text{ of edges}$

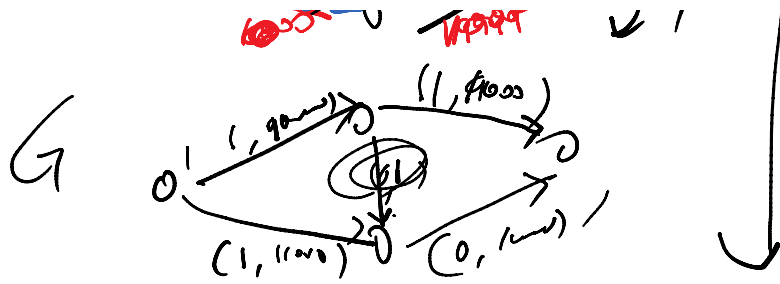
If each capacity is an integer.

$$G_f(P) \geq 1$$

time is $O(m \times |f^*|)$ where f^* is flow of maximum value.

ex) G .





Edmonds-Karp Algorithm

* augment along shortest path first
 \equiv fewest edge

Q: Why is shortest path good?

Lemma Ek 1

For all vertices $v \in V - \{s, t\}$, the shortest distance $d_f(s, v)$ from s to v in residual graph G_f is monotonically non-decreasing as f is augmented in EK algo.